

<b>Paper 2 - Stratification</b>		
<b>A. Decide whether these statements are true or false.</b>	<b>T/F</b>	<b>B. Match up the key term to the definitions.</b> <b>'Old boys' network/Ageism/Globalisation/Glass-Ceiling/Homophobia/Discrimination/Scapegoating/Moral panic/Social construction.</b>
1. Functionalism is a consensus theory.		1. Fear or hatred of, homosexuality, gay and lesbian people and their culture. ....
2. The 'old boy's network' help working class people to gain better jobs.		2. Informal system usually referring to the upper class where men help other men who have similar background to themselves. e.g. attended the same school. ....
3. According to Walby patriarchy has vanished from society.		3. An action for or against someone often because of prejudice. ....
4. The media helps with the spread of moral panic.		4. When a group of people are blamed for some of society's problems. ....
5. The New Right believes that people need more benefits and help from the state.		5. When the media exaggerates the activities of certain groups and causes panic among people about the value or safety of society. ....
6. Walby identifies 6 structures of patriarchy that help men to dominate and oppress women.		6. Ideas and values that are formed by the society in which you live. ....
7. Functionalists say that society pays rewards of money and status to ensure that the best people will work hard and achieve the best roles/jobs.		7. Discrimination based on differences in age. ....
8. Marxists believe that capitalism can ensure equality for everyone.		8. An invisible barrier caused by sexism and discrimination that prevents women reaching top jobs. ....
		9. The idea that the world is becoming increasingly inter-dependent through new communications and technology. ....
<b>C. Which theory? Functionalist/Feminist/New Right/Social Action Theory</b>		
a. Davis and Moore stated that education is used to allocate people to jobs/roles that are best suited to their abilities. This is known as 'role allocation.'		
b. Weber stated that Socio-economic positions in society is based around power, status and class. Not simply based on the ownership of capital (wealth) or class.		
c. Walby identifies how gender inequality is structured in the economy, polity, violence and civil society, e.g. women being paid less at work and women doing the majority of the housework and childcare. Patriarchy clearly exists but has changed its form over time.		
d. Murray states that too much help from the state through benefits helps to develop an 'under class' who rely on the state and do not want to work. As such, benefits should be cut or removed.		
<b>D. Odd one out/explain why</b>		
1. Good life style, good life expectancy, poverty, leisure and cultural opportunities, early retirement.		
2. Capitalism, Freedom of speech, democracy, freedom of ownership, Communism.		
3. Sexism, Racism, Homophobia, Ageism, Prejudice, Discrimination.		
4. Caste system, Apartheid, Closed system, Social Mobility.		
5. Upper Class, Upper middle class, Equality, lower middle class, working class, working poor, underclass.		
<b>E. Deliberate Practice – complete on lined paper</b>		<b>F. Multiple choice</b>
1. Define what is meant by ethnicity. (2 marks)		a. Scapegoating b. Labelling. c. underclass
2. Explain two reasons why women may still be paid less than men. (4 marks)		e. Weber e. Marx f. Prejudice g. Authority
3. Explain two areas of life where some ethnic groups experience inequality in the UK today. (4 marks)		1. This term means judging others without knowing them.
4. Describe what is meant by a stereotype. (2 marks)		2. This gives people the right to be in charge.
5. Explain what is meant by social stratification. (4 marks)		3. Blaming a group of people unfairly for society's problems.
6. Explain what is meant by 'crisis of masculinity.' (2 marks)		4. Which sociologist argued that society was split into two social classes?
7. Explain two reasons why more women are in top jobs in the UK today than in the 1950's. (4 marks)		
8. Explain using examples the difference between absolute and relative poverty. (4 marks)		

9. Explain two reasons why elderly people may be living in relative poverty.  
(4 marks)

**Functionalist views on stratification**

**New Right views on stratification**

**Marxist views on stratification**

**Feminist views on stratification**

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