## Social Stratification Knowledge Organiser

Use this in conjunction with your flashcards and revision guide to look up the key terms and concepts that you don't know and then test yourself.

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1. Life Changes	2. Functionalism and Stratification	3. Class and Life Chances	4. Marxism and Stratification	5. Poverty	6. Power and Authority
Weber's idea of the opportunities that you can get in life  • Education • Family • Social Mobility	Stratification is important for all jobs in society to be filled  • Davis and Moore role allocation theory • Social mobility • Meritocracy	The middle class have better life chances  • Working class culture • Working class subcultures • The underclass • Education and type of school • Wealth inequality	Society favors the rich and punishes the poor  • Alienation • Marx's view on class • Weber's view on class • Status • Elite and wealth • Class struggle • Application of the law	Those living in poverty do not have the same life chances  • Absolute Poverty • Subjective Poverty • Relative poverty • Culture of dependency • Cycle of deprivation • Social Mobility	The way that society is run and who has the power within society  Democracy Monarchy Autocracy One Party State Theocracy Legal-Rational Authority Charismatic Authority Traditional Authority Formal and informal power
7. Feminism and Stratification	8. Age and Stratification	9. Ethnicity and Stratification	10. Disability and Life Chances	11. Sexuality and Stratification	Social Stratification - Paper 2
Men have better life chances than women. Walby believes there are 6 main ways:  Paid work Housework Media culture Sexual double standards Violence Laws aren't enforced Patriarchy	The elderly and the old have negative stereotypes and representations  • Ageism • Age is socially constructed • Elderly in the media • Millennials	Ethnic minorities have lower life chances than white  • Lack of education • Subcultures • Crime • Labeling • Institutional racism • Poverty and unemployment	People with a disability have lower life chances  • Medical model • Social model • Disability in the media • Discrimination	Lower life chances for LGBTQ+  • Laws not enforced • Civil Partnership Act 2005 • Mental health • Education	Questions:  3 x 2 mark  4 x 4 mark  3 x 9 mark  Structure:  Make your One possible interpretation is. One way in which. One way in which. One way in which. It is seens that. It is seen that. It is see